

# Foresight scenarios on populism: Imagining Central and Eastern European politics in 2030

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### Thinking about populism with a twist

- populism is the new buzzword in political research
- but instead of taking a **retrospective** view about the causes of populism, the POPREBEL project attempts to bring in a **prospective** view . . .
- . . . by combining our existing **analytical tools** regarding the study of politics (populist and otherwise) with **foresight techniques** in order to look around the corner and reflect more systematically on where some of the trends might go

### Foresight scenarios

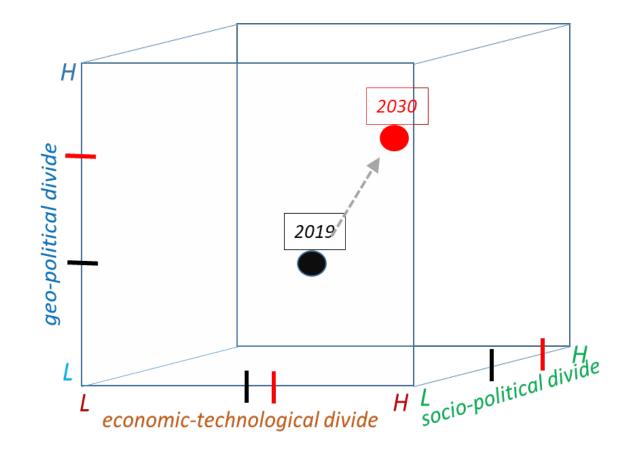
- an analytical system for mapping out possible futures within a certain domain or environment in order to reflect on possible consequences or courses of action under different eventualities
- > scenarios do not predict the future
- they are a tool for critical thinking, discussion and interaction
  - in the business world → planning commercial activity
  - in the policy-making world  $\rightarrow$  preparing for different political choices
  - in the academic world  $\rightarrow$  understanding and generating future research questions
- in POPREBEL they are for:
  - internal project discussion
  - engagement seminars with policy-makers and civil society leaders

### Foresight methodology

- a highly developed array of methodological procedures and tools for the generation of scenarios, including
  - 1. horizon scanning
  - 2. driver selection procedures
  - 3. consultation and verification
  - 4. target group engagement and outcome realization
- currently the project is in the 3rd phase: consultation & verification
  - horizon scanning: March 2019
  - driver selection procedures: June-August 2019
  - consultation & verification: Sept-November 2019
- I am asking for your help!!!

### Drivers and parameters

- formal scenario building relies on certain broad trends as parameters
- many recent foresight studies have brought out three generalized parameters
- we can imagine any given scenario as representing some kind of shift along these three axes



### More proximate sub-parameters

 additionally, scenarios need to bring into play more specific actors and their relationships alongside the background processes

		TRE	NDS				EV	ENTS		WILLFUL DISRUPTION					
drivers	climate change	demography	communi- cation	economic change	technological disaster	natural disaster	migration	terrorism	global economy	resources	geopolitical				
9	1. global	2. aging	3. changes	4. dislocation,	5. nuclear	6. volcanic	7. crisis	8. new	9. collapse of	10. natural	11. US:	12. China:	13. Turkey:	14. Middle	15. Russia:
qo	consensus	populations,	in media	technological	disaster,	eruption,	(disaster,	onslaught	Chinese or	gas crisis	radically	rising	crackdown,	East: war,	invasion of
) g	or discord	pensions,	& public	change,	computer	earthquake	war,	of attacks	US	(Russia?);	changes	hegemon	civil war,	or regime	Ukraine
nal		workforce	sphere	labor force	failure		other)		economies	China cuts off	posture		maybe	collapse	
ler		problems		pressures			prompts			key metals			refugees?	in Egypt	
Ä							new								
							wave								

		MAJOR	ACTORS			EU p	olicy areas			Social process			
ers	16. EU Comm:	17. Germany:	18. France:	19. Italy: political	20. Brexit	21. Schengen	22. Eurozone	23. PESCO, CFSP	24. social	25. right-	26. right-wing	27. NATO: as	28. UK: role
driv	plans,	political	political	capacity					protest	wing	populism:	after-	outside of
an d	capacity	capacity	capacity						(gilets	populism:	Hungary,	effect of	EU, but in
(D)									jaunes)	Italy,	Poland	high-	trans-
rop										France		level	Atlantic
Eur												political	community
												decisions	

	2	Hungary	Poland	Czechia	Slovakia	€	Slovenia	€	Estonia	€	Latvia (	E	Lithuania €	Bulgaria	Romania	Croatia	Fmr Yugo.	
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### Help verify the scenarios!

- to what extent does each scenario string together a cohesive set of logically following events and processes?
- are there other relevant points of departure for constructing additional scenarios?
- what kinds of additional "drivers" (i.e. trends, processes and events)
   might be worth bringing into the scenarios?
- are there stylistic elements to be corrected or tweaked?

### Scenario 1

- downsized EU Commission due to major retrenchment of the EU's activities after:
  - further rise of far-right power (incl. France)
  - immobilism in Germany (weak CDU govts)
  - feeble Maltese Commission head 2024-29
- China enforces social credit system and targets Western businesses, leading to economic slowdown in Europe
- Sovereigntist forces are entrenched;
   globalism and liberalism is in retreat

## November 2029 Antal Rogán, President of the EU Commission



### June 2030

Dimitar Gochev waits to clean up Alexander Nevski Square in Sofia





### Scenario 2

- European politics is beset with constant restlessness and protest
  - Sofia, Riga, Warsaw, Madrid, Paris, London
- polarization driven by a fragmented public sphere that is exascerbated by proliferation of new social media and private media moguls
- politics end up in a stalemate
  - 'feckless pluralism'
- right-wing populism becomes an enduring feature, but never actually triumphs over liberalism

### Scenario 3

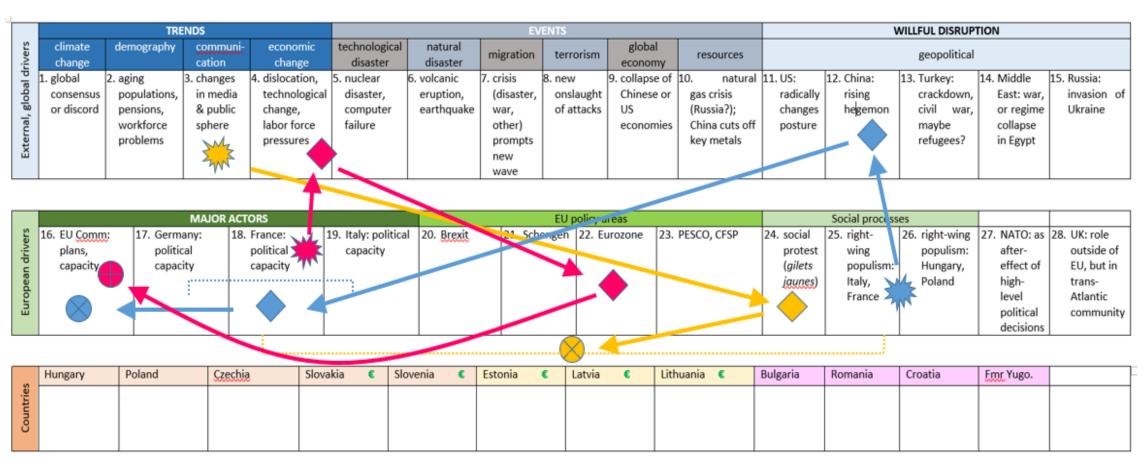


March 2024
Manon Aubry (*La France insoumise*)
strategizes for EP elections

Stop looking at only the expenditure side of things! Let's rethink the revenue side too!

- Breaking out of austerity, but not thru debt
  - Elizabeth Warren wealth tax
- spending for new challenges: pensions, climate change, industrial restructuring
- taxing new domains of wealth
- retaining economic sovr. vis-a-vis China
- Macron and other centrists come on board;
   a rebound of leftist parties
- EU integration returns; populists diminish

### Morphological approach



a cohesive set of events/processes??? other points of departure???

additional drivers to bring in ???

stylistic modifications to be made ???

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